

7.2 pg 375 → 1-10 * 6a,c,e
* 8a,c,e

a)

x	f(x)	f(x)
-2	-3	3
-1	-1	1
0	1	1
1	3	3
2	5	5

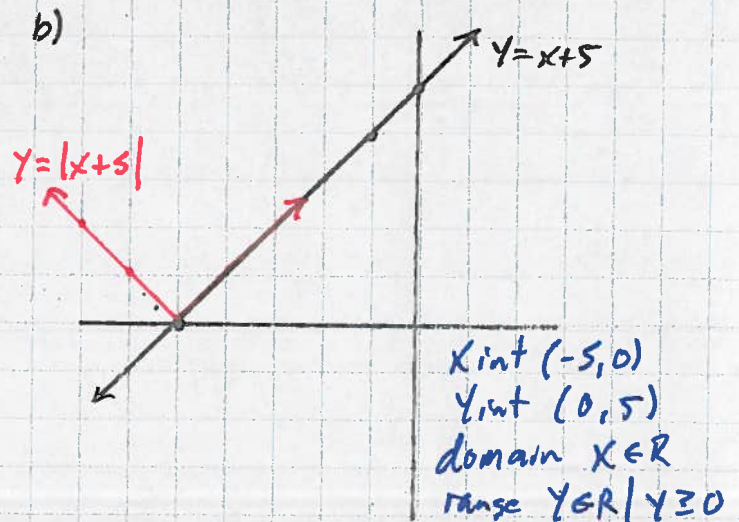
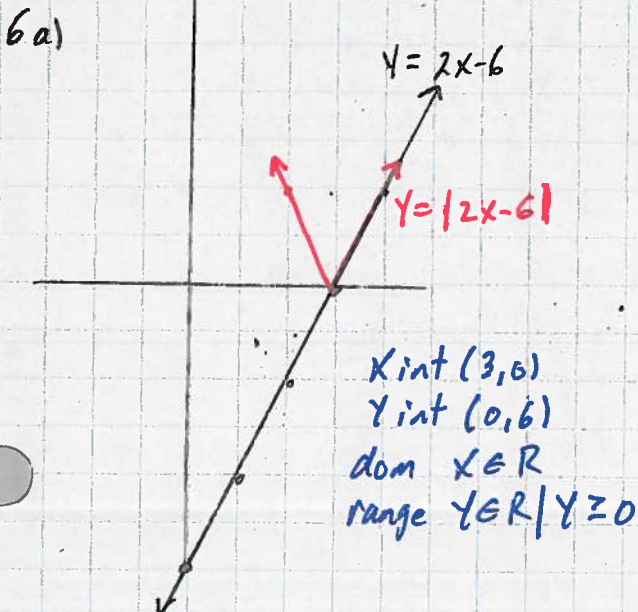
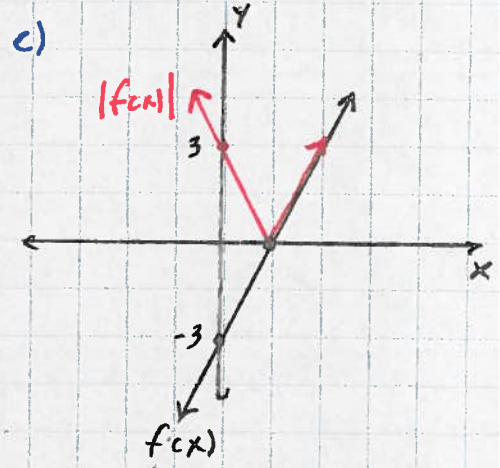
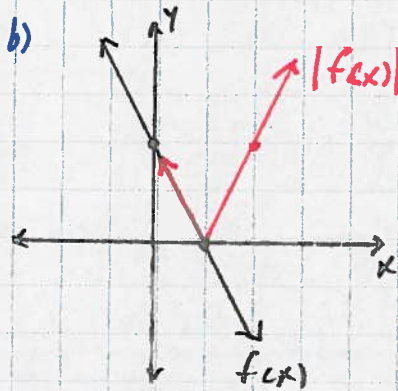
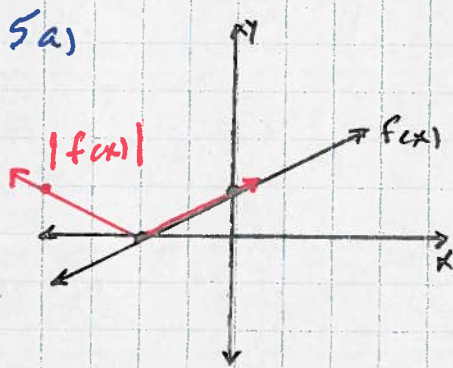
b)

x	f(x)	f(x)
-2	0	0
-1	-2	2
0	-2	2
1	0	0
2	4	4

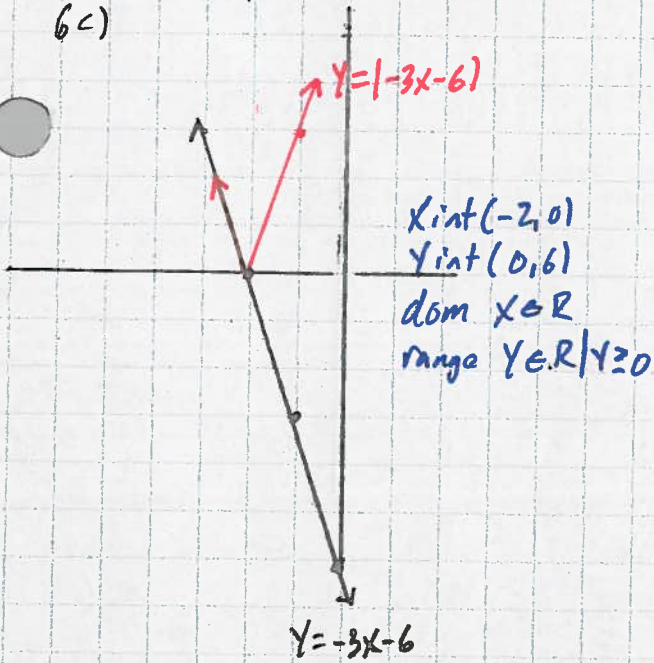
2. (-5, -8) on f(x) (-5, 8) on |f(x)|

3. f(x) x-int (3, 0) y-int (0, -4) |f(x)| x-int (3, 0) y-int (0, 4)

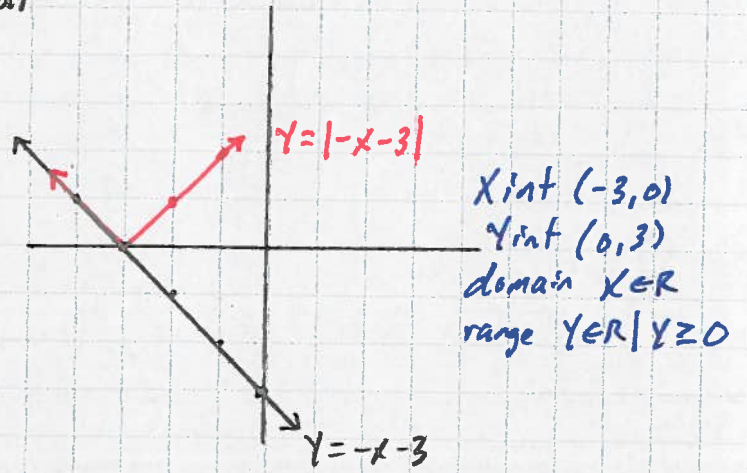
4. f(x) x-int (-2, 0), (7, 0) y-int (0, -3/2) |f(x)| (-2, 0) (7, 0) x-int y-int (0, 3/2)



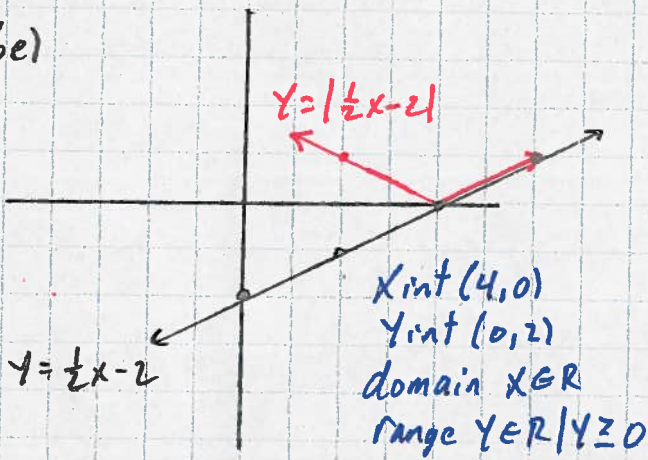
6c)



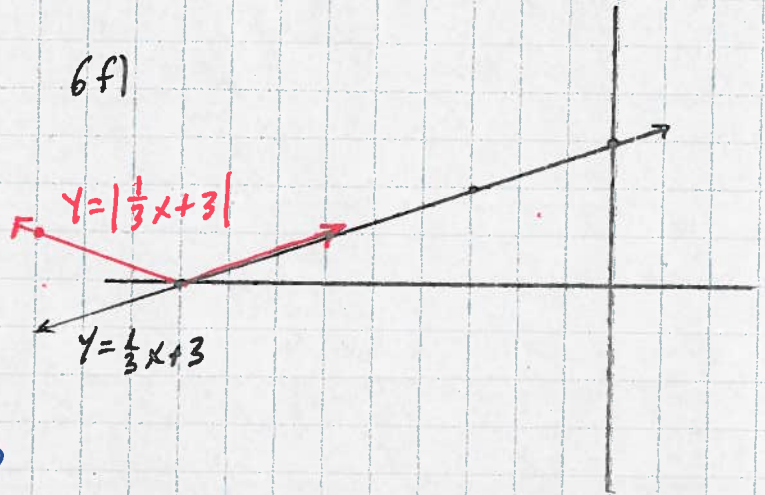
6d)



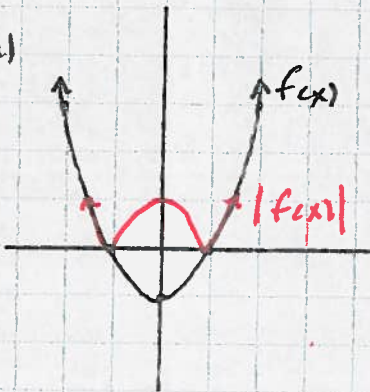
6e)



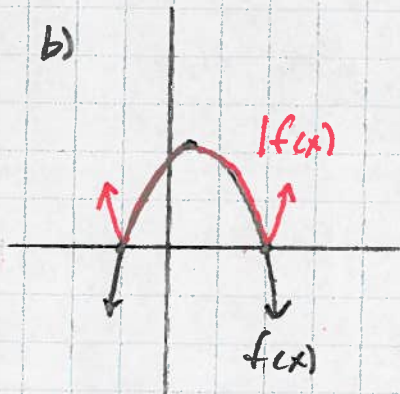
6f)



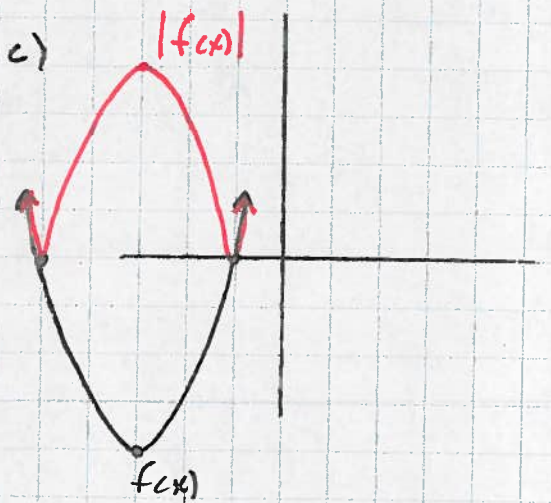
7a)



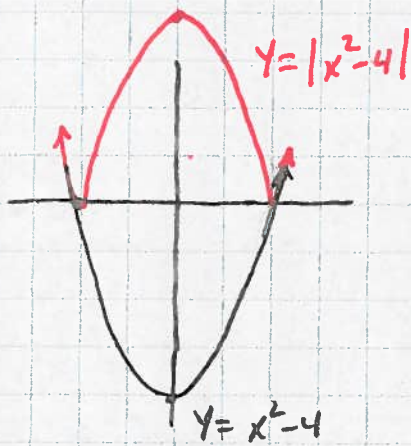
b)



c)

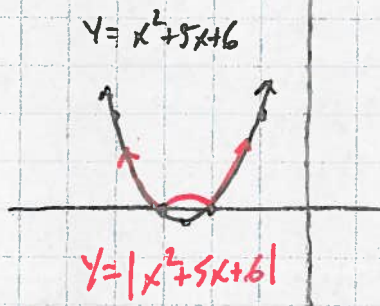


8a)



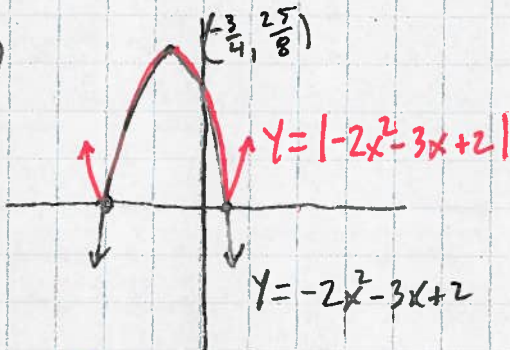
X-int $(-2, 0)$ $(2, 0)$
 Y-int $(0, 4)$
 domain $x \in \mathbb{R}$
 range $y \in \mathbb{R} | y \geq 0$

b)



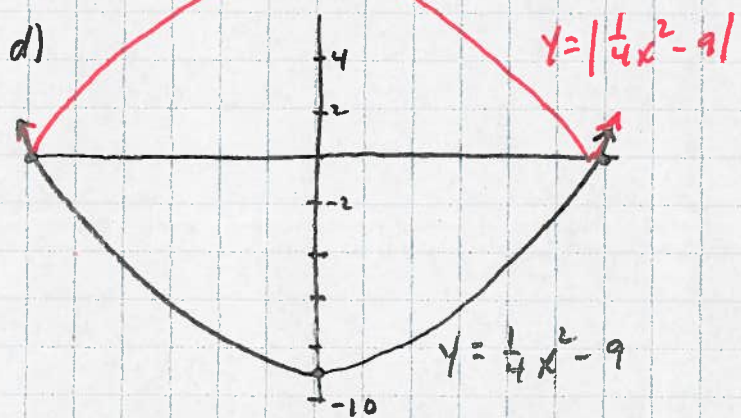
X-int $(-2, 0)$ $(-3, 0)$
 Y-int $(0, 6)$
 domain $x \in \mathbb{R}$
 range $y \in \mathbb{R} | y \geq 0$

c)



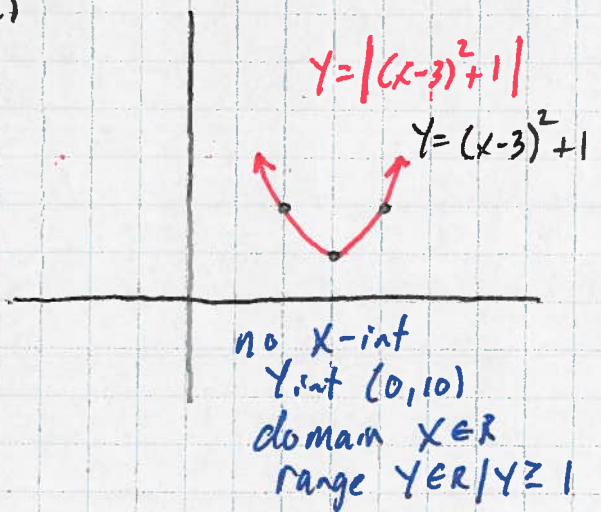
X-int $(-2, 0)$ $(0.5, 0)$
 Y-int $(0, 2)$
 domain $x \in \mathbb{R}$
 range $y \in \mathbb{R} | y \geq 0$

d)

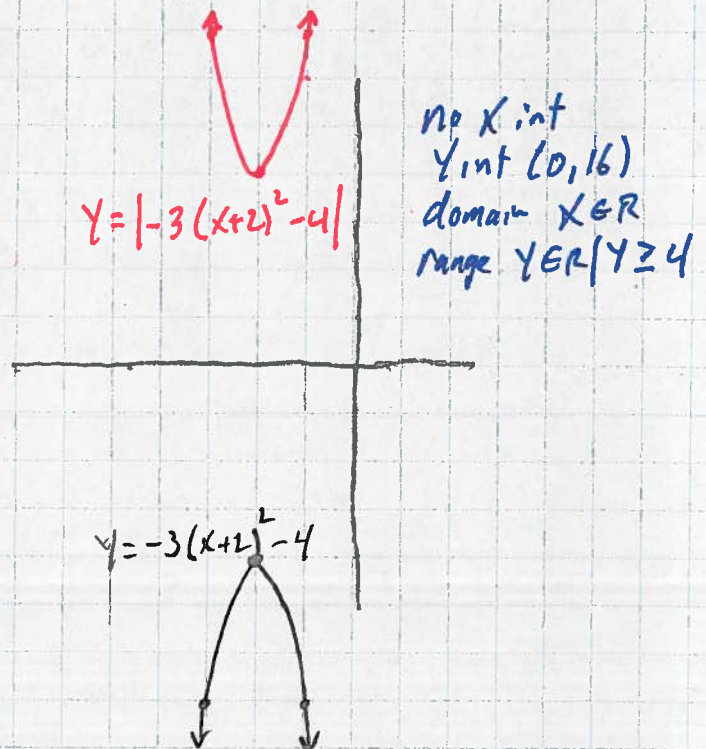


X-int $(6, 0)$ $(-6, 0)$ Y-int $(0, 9)$
 dom $x \in \mathbb{R}$ range $y \in \mathbb{R} | y \geq 0$

e)



f)



9a) $y = \begin{cases} 2x-2 & \text{for } x \geq 1 \\ 2-2x & \text{for } x < 1 \end{cases}$ b) $y = \begin{cases} 3x+6 & \text{for } x \geq -2 \\ -3x-6 & \text{for } x < -2 \end{cases}$

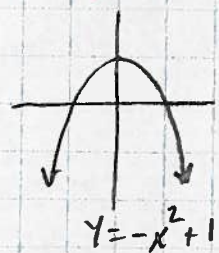
c) $y = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x-1 & \text{for } x \geq 2 \\ 1-\frac{1}{2}x & \text{for } x < 2 \end{cases}$

10 a) $y = \begin{cases} 2x^2-2 & \text{for } x < -1 \text{ or } x > 1 \\ 2-2x^2 & \text{for } -1 \leq x \leq 1 \end{cases}$ b) $y = \begin{cases} (x-1.5)^2 - 0.25 & \text{for } x \leq 1 \text{ or } x \geq 2 \\ -[(x-1.5)^2 - 0.25] & \text{for } 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$

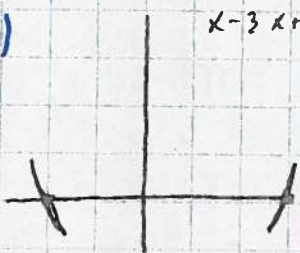
c) $y = \begin{cases} 3(x-2)^2 - 3 & \text{for } x \leq 1 \text{ or } x \geq 3 \\ 3 - 3(x-2)^2 & \text{for } 1 < x < 3 \end{cases}$

11 a) $y = \begin{cases} x-4 & \text{for } x \geq 4 \\ 4-x & \text{for } x < 4 \end{cases}$ b) $y = \begin{cases} 3x+5 & \text{for } x \geq -5/3 \\ -3x-5 & \text{for } x < -5/3 \end{cases}$

c) $y = \begin{cases} -x^2+1 & \text{for } -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ -1+x^2 & \text{for } x < -1 \text{ or } x > 1 \end{cases}$

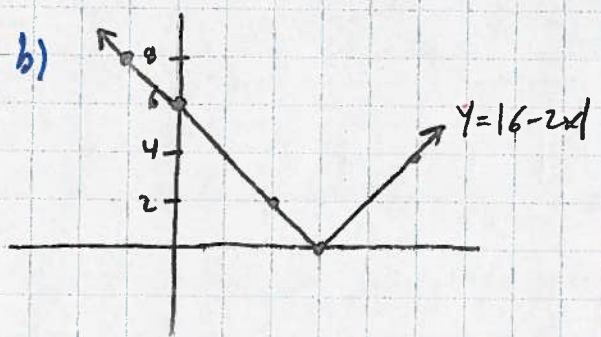


d) $x-3x+2$ $y = \begin{cases} x^2-x-6 & \text{for } x \leq -2 \text{ or } x \geq 3 \\ -x^2+x+6 & \text{for } -2 < x < 3 \end{cases}$



12a)

x	6-2x
-1	8
0	6
2	2
3	0
5	4

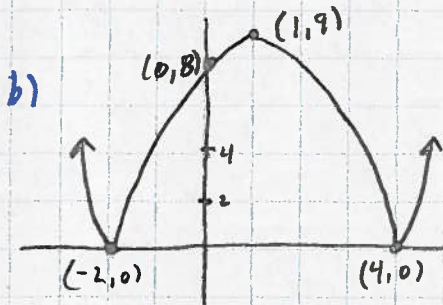


c) domain $x \in \mathbb{R}$
range $y \in \mathbb{R} \mid y \geq 0$

d) $y = \begin{cases} 6-2x & \text{for } x \leq 3 \\ 2x-6 & \text{for } x > 3 \end{cases}$

13. $g(x) = |(x-4)(x+2)|$
 $g(x) = |x^2 - 2x - 8|$

a) $Y_{int} (0, 8)$
 $X_{int} (4, 0) (-2, 0)$

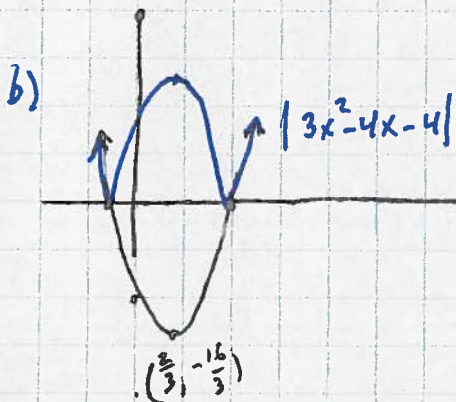


c) domain $X \in \mathbb{R}$
 range $Y \in \mathbb{R} | Y \geq 0$

d) $Y = \begin{cases} x^2 - 2x - 8 & \text{for } x \leq -2 \text{ or } x \geq 4 \\ -x^2 + 2x + 8 & \text{for } -2 < x < 4 \end{cases}$

14. $|(3x+2)(x-2)|$

a) $(-2/3, 0) (2, 0)$ X_{int} $(0, 4)$ Y_{int}



c) domain $X \in \mathbb{R}$ range $Y \in \mathbb{R} | Y \geq 0$

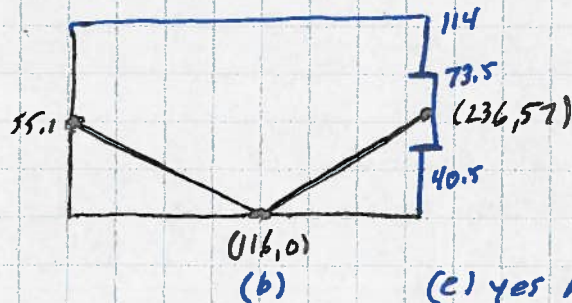
d) $Y = \begin{cases} 3x^2 - 4x - 4 & \text{for } x \leq -2/3 \text{ or } x \geq 2 \\ -3x^2 + 4x + 4 & \text{for } -2/3 < x < 2 \end{cases}$

15 Michael is correct.

$p(x) = 2x^2 - 9x + 10$ vertex $(9/4, -1/8)$
 ~~$g(x) = |2x^2 - 9x + 10|$~~ $g(x) = |2x^2 - 9x + 10|$ min $Y = 0$

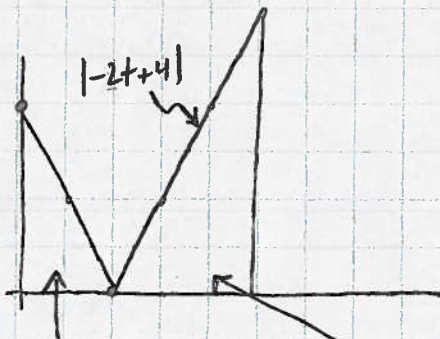
16. $Y = |0.475x - 55.1|$

GDC



(c) yes height = 57cm
 goal from 40.5 - 73.5cm

17.



$A_1 = \frac{1}{2}(2)(4) = 4$

$A_2 = \frac{1}{2}(3)(6) = 9$

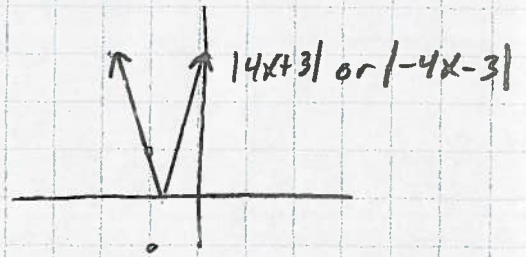
total area = 13

\therefore distance = 13m

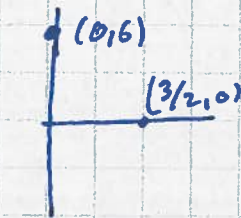
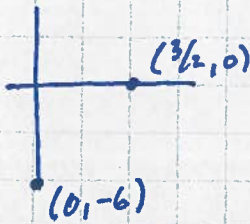
18a) $|3x-2|$ and $|-3x+2|$ are the same (let $y=3x-2 \therefore -y=-3x+2$)
 $|y| = |-y|$

b) $|-4x-3|$ is the same graph as $|4x+3|$

19. $|-x^2+6x-5|$



20.



$(3/2, 0)$
 $(0, 6)$

$$y = ax + b$$

$$0 = 3/2a + b$$

$$6 = b$$

$$0 = 3/2a + 6$$

$$-6 = 3/2a$$

$$-4 = a$$

$a = -4, b = 6$

$$y = ax + b$$

$$(3/2, 0) \quad 0 = 3/2a + b$$

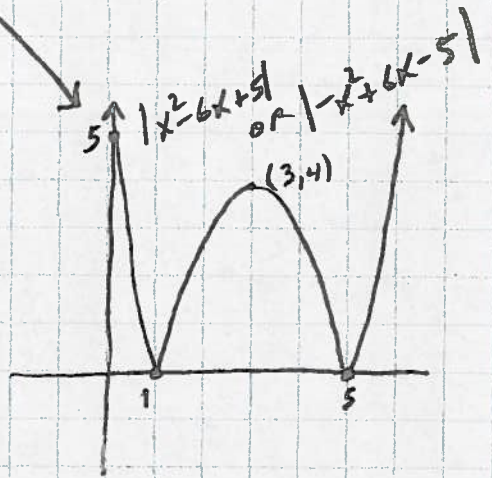
$$(0, -6) \quad -6 = b$$

$$0 = 3/2a - 6$$

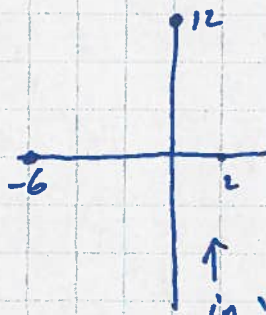
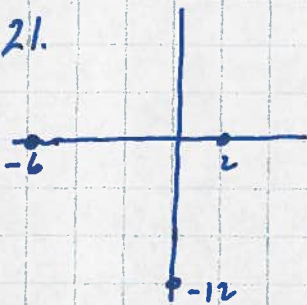
$$6 = 3/2a$$

$$4 = a$$

$a = 4, b = -6$



21.



$$y = (x+6)(x-2)$$

$$y = x^2 + 4x - 12$$

$b = 4, c = -12$

in $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ this "a" would be negative and $a = 1$ in this question

22. $y = |x^2|$ and $y = x^2$ are identical as there are no negative values.